## APPENDIX 10.2: DESIGNATED HERITAGE ASSETS IN THE OUTER STUDY AREA

This appendix provides details on the heritage assets recorded in the Outer Study Area together with an assessment of their heritage sensitivity and the potential effects of the Proposed Development on their settings.

This appendix should be read in conjunction with Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage. The location, and extents, of the heritage assets are shown on Figure 10.2.

Designation no	Designation name	Designation type	Heritage sensitivity	Setting	Distance to Nearest Turbine (km)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Bare Earth tip height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Screening hub height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Bare Earth hub height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Screening hub height ZTV)	Magnitude of Impact	Significance of Effect	Visualisation Figure No.
SM 893	Barpannan, two chambered cairns, Vatten Duirinish	Scheduled Monument	High	The cairns are at around 50 m AOD on a slight rise in the landscape in an area of moorland south-west of the A863.  The key characteristics of the setting that contribute most to the chambered cairn's cultural significance can be summarised as their relationship to each other, their proximity to Loch Caroy and their location on the isthmus of the Harlosh peninsula, the view towards them from the west and north-west and the potentially ritual, visual associations with Cuillins, to the southeast and the MacLeod's Tables to the west.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7	3.3	9	9	9	9	The Proposed Development would be visible 3.3 km to the north-east on and beyond the skyline, in the same view direction as currently contains the existing Ben Aketil Wind Farm and Edinbane Wind Farm  Key views from the burial cairns focused to the south-east to the Cuillin Mountains, to the west and the MacLeod's Table and views towards the cairns from the east and north would be unaffected.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7	Minor	Figure 10.4 a-t
SM 903	Ullinish Lodge, chambered cairn, Bracadale	Scheduled Monument	High	The poorly preserved remains of Neolithic chambered cairn which has been extensively robbed.  It is located in an area of rough grazing immediately north of the settlement of Ullinish and adjacent to the Ullinish to Eabost public road.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the key views to the Lochs to the north-west and south-east and the possible alignments with the twin summits of MacLeod's Tables to the north-west and the South-east.	8.6	9	9	8	7	Low  Turbines visible in distant views to the north-east. Key views from this cairn to the south-east and north-west uncompromised.	Minor	-
SM 905	Dun Fiadhairt, broch	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of an Iron Age broch located on a coastal promontory on the north-east coast of Loch Dunvegan.	7.5	6	6	0	0	Negligible  Limited theoretical visibility of proposed turbines to south-east.	Negligible	-

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				Key views are over and along Loch Dunvegan.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the defensive promontory on which it stands and the extensive views that can be gained to the coast and out to sea.						Key views from this broch including over and along Loch Dunvegan uncompromised.		
SM 910	Dun Cruinn,fort, Kensaleyre	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of an Iron Age fort overlain by a later dun, lie on the summit of a rocky hill on a coastal promontory towards the south end of Loch Snizort Beag.  Key views are over and along Loch Snizort Beag.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the defensive promontory on which it stands and the extensive views that can be gained to the coast and out to sea.	9.5	3	3	0	0	Negligible  Limited theoretical visibility of proposed turbines to south-west. Key views from this broch including over and along Loch Snizort Beag uncompromised.	Negligible	-
SM 911	Dun Flashader, broch, Skye	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of an Iron Age broch on a rocky outcrop on the south-east side of Loch Greshornish.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the naturally defensive hillock on which it stands, the view north towards Loch Greshornish and the views towards this broch from the surrounding landscape.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7	6.4	9	9	9	9	The Proposed Development would be visible 6.4 km to the southwest, on and beyond the skyline, in the same view direction as currently contains the existing Ben Aketil Wind Farm and Edinbane Wind Farm.  Key views from the broch to Loch Greshornish to the north would be unaffected. The view towards this broch from the northern seaward approach would include the turbines, however they would be sufficiently distant and on a separate landscape area not to compete with the broch for prominence.	Minor	Figure 10.5 a-b

Designation no	Designation name	Designation type	Heritage sensitivity	Setting	Distance to Nearest Turbine (km)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Bare Earth tip height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Screening hub height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Bare Earth hub height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Screening hub height ZTV)	Magnitude of Impact	Significance of Effect	Visualisation Figure No.
										For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7		
SM 912	Dun Garsin, broch, Bracadale	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of a probable Iron Age broch located on a table-topped hill above the north-west shore of Loch Beag.  Key views along the Amar River valley to the north-east and south-west and southwest to Loch Beag.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the moorland in which it stands and the localised sitting within the Amar River Valley.	8.7	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of broch or immediate locality.	None	-
SM 918	Dun Mor, fort, Struanmore	Scheduled Monument	High	The ruins of an Iron Age fort situated on a plateau at the summit of Dun Mor and surrounded on all sides, except the northeast, by precipitous cliffs.  There are extensive views from the fort southwards, in an arc from the east round to the north-west, while views to the northeast are limited by rising ground.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the moorland in which it stands and the extensive views that can be gained to the coast and out to sea.	7.7	9	9	7	7	Negligible  The Proposed Development would be visible 7.7 km to the north beyond the skyline, in the same view direction as currently contains the existing Ben Aketil Wind Farm and Edinbane Wind Farm.  The moorland setting of the fort and the extensive views to the south over the coast will remain un-affected.	Negligible	-
SM 921	Dun Suladale, broch 800m SW of Suladale	Scheduled Monument	High	One of the best-preserved Iron Age brochs on Skye, Dun Suledale is built on an elevated rock outcrop in a relatively inland location.  There are extensive views from this broch in particular north-west over Loch Snizort to the Western Isles.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the moorland in which it stands and the extensive views that can be gained to the coast and out to sea.	7.1	2	3	1	1	Negligible  Theoretical distant visibility only.  Key views to the north-west not affected.	Negligible	-

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SM 930	Ullinish, fort, Bracadale	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of a Iron Age fort situated on a headland projecting west into Loch Bracadale.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are its naturally defensive promontory position, the views over and along Loch Bracadale and in particular to the seaward entrance to the south.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7	9.1	9	9	9	9	The Proposed Development would be visible 9.1 km to the south-west on and beyond the skyline, in the same view direction as currently contains the existing Ben Aketil Wind Farm and Edinbane Wind Farm.  Key views from the fort south-west to the seaward entrance to Loch Bracadale will remain unchanged. The view towards this fort from the south-west seaward approach would include the turbines, however they would be sufficiently distant and on a separate landscape area not to compete with the fort for prominence.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7	Minor	Figure 10.6 a-f Figure 10.14
SM 935	Clach Ard, symbol stone, Tote, Carbost	Scheduled Monument	High	Pictish symbol stone, used as a door jamb in a house in Tote until 1880 when it was moved to its present location on the roadside within the township of Tote.  Not in its original location the setting of this stone is its setting within the crofting township of Tote.	9.5	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the stone or immediate locality.	None	-
SM 942	Annait, monastic settlement on W bank of Bay River	Scheduled Monument	High	An early medieval monastic settlement built within a prehistoric fort. It is sited on a promontory between the gorges of the Bay River and one of its major tributaries.  Key views are north along the river valley and north-east and east across the landscape beyond.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the settlement's relationship to the river and the choice of	5	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the settlement or immediate locality.	None	-

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SM 947	Skeabost Island, St Columba's Church & other ecclesiastical remains	Scheduled Monument	High	the naturally defensive promontory on which to build the fort.  The remains of two churches, one of medieval date, one later and a churchyard sit on Skeabost Island a small island within the River Snizort approximately 500m south of its confluence with Loch Snizort Beag.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the island on which it stands and the riverside location.	9	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the churches or immediate locality.	None	-
SM 2139	Knock Ullinish, souterrain	Scheduled Monument	High	The remains of a souterrain (underground passage) later prehistoric date.  Situated in an area of moorland northwest of Ullinish, at the base of a rocky escarpment on the east side of the northern extremity of Knock Ullinsih. The structure would have been used for food storage, and there is nothing to suggest that long-distance views from or towards it were an important element in its design.  Localised setting.	8.1	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the souterrain or immediate locality.	None	-
SM 3493	Dun Osdale, broch 850m N of Osdale	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of an Iron Age fort situated on a headland projecting west into Loch Bracadale.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the naturally defensive nature of the knoll on which its sited, proximity to surrounding flat fertile ground, the view north towards the Dunvegan Bay and the views towards this broch from the surrounding landscape.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	6.2	9	9	8	8	The Proposed Development would be visible 6.2 km to the west on and beyond the skyline, in the same view direction as currently contains the existing Ben Aketil Wind Farm and Edinbane Wind Farm.  Key views from the broch north towards Dunvegan Bay will remain largely unchanged as will the views to and from the surrounding low ground.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	Minor	Figure 10.7 a-f

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SM 3494	Dun Feorlig, broch 230m NNE of Feorlig Farm	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of a Iron Age brock situated on a rocky promontory which juts into west side of Loch Caroy.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are its naturally defensive rocky promontory position, its proximity to surrounding flat fertile ground, the previous intervisibility with Abhainn Bhaile Mheadhonaich, broch (SM 13664), the view over and along Loch Caroy and the views towards this broch from the surrounding land and seascape.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	4.7	9	9	9	9	The Proposed Development would be visible 4.6 km to the north-east, on and beyond the skyline, in the same view direction as currently contains the existing Ben Aketil Wind Farm and Edinbane Wind Farm.  Key views from the broch over and along Loch Caroy will remain unchanged as will the key view to the east towards Abhainn Bhaile Mheadhonaich, broch (SM13664). The view towards this broch from the south-easterly seaward approach will include the turbines, however they will be sufficiently distant and on a separate landscape area not to compete with the broch for prominence.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	Minor	Figure 10.8 a-b
SM 3884	Ardmore, chapel & burial ground 230m SW of	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of a medieval chapel and burial ground on the summit of a small hillock near the west end of Harlosh peninsula.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are its hilltop position and the views to and from this asset to the surrounding Harlosh peninsula.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	6.7	9	9	9	9	The Proposed Development would be visible 6.7 km to the north-east, on and beyond the skyline, in the same view direction as currently contains the existing Ben Aketil Wind Farm and Edinbane Wind Farm.  Key views from Ardmore, Chapel & Burial Ground to and from the surrounding ground of the Harlosh peninsula would remain largely unchanged.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	Minor	Figure 10.9 a-f

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SM 3885	Dun Neill, dun 420m SW of Ardmore	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains dun and an earlier fort of Iron Age date located on the summit of a rock stack which forms a coastal promontory on the east coast of Loch Bharcasaig, towards the south end of the Harlosh peninsula.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are its naturally defensive rocky promontory position, its proximity to neighbouring flat fertile ground and the views over and along Loch Bharcasaig.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	6.9	9	9	9	9	Five-Nine turbines of the Proposed Development would be visible 6.7 km to the north, on and beyond the skyline with the remaining turbines blocked by the local topography of the Harlosh peninsula  Key views from the dun and fort over and along Loch Bharcasaig and to and from the Harlosh peninsula will remain unchanged. The view towards this asset from the south-westerly seaward approach will include the turbines, however they will be sufficiently distant and on a separate landscape area not to compete with the dun and fort for prominence.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	Negligible Minor	Figure 10.10 a-b Figure 10. <u>1</u> 4
SM 7929	Struanmore, chambered cairn 800m SW of Struan Primary School	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of well-preserved Neolithic chambered cairn. Situated in pastureland just south-west of Struan village.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the pastureland in which it stands and the extensive views along Loch Harport and the prominence of the Cuillins in views to the south-east.  The visibility of the cairn in views towards it from the surrounding landscape is also of some relevance, but the reduced height of the cairn means that this characteristic makes only a limited contribution to the monument's cultural significance.	9	7	7	0	0	Negligible  Limited theoretical visibility from location of cairn or immediate locality.  Turbines not visible in key views along Loch Harport and south-east towards the Cuillins	Negligible	-
SM 7930	Dun Beag, cairn 100m	Scheduled Monument	High	The diminished remains of a Neolithic burial cairn. The cairn lies on a ridge on a hillslope at around 65 m OD.	8.2	0	0	0	0	No impact	None	-

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	SSW of, Struan			There are extensive views towards the coast across open land to the east, south and west, while views to the north-east are limited by rising ground.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the moorland in which it stands and the extensive views to the coast and out to sea.  The visibility of the cairn in views towards it from the surrounding landscape is also of some relevance, but the much-reduced height of the cairn means that this characteristic makes only a limited						No visibility from location of the cairn or immediate locality.		
SM 9249	St Mary's Church and Burial Ground, Dunvegan	Scheduled Monument	High	contribution to the monument's cultural significance.  The remains of a post medieval parish church which stands to roof height (unroofed) and burial ground which sits on the site of an earlier medieval church of which there are three medieval carved grave slabs within the burial ground.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are its hillside position, the views to and from this asset to the settlement of Dunvegan and the view to the south-west and MacLeods Tables.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	4.7	9	9	6	6	Low  Six turbines of the Proposed Development would be visible on or beyond the skyline, 4.7 km to the north-east of the broch.  Key views of the church to and from the settlement of Dunvegan would remain largely unchanged as would the key view to the MacLeod Tables to the south-west.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	Minor	Figure 10.11 a-c
SM 13662	Dun Arkaig, broch	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of an Iron Age broch, visible as a drystone walled structure situated on the north-west facing slope of Glen Clobost in a prominent position on a rocky outcrop.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the views from the broch are along the Glen Ose to the south-west down to the coast and the prominent position of the broch itself within the glen.	4.9	4	4	3	3	Negligible  There would be limited visibility of the Proposed Development beyond the hills 4.9 km away.  Three turbines of the Proposed Development would be visible to hub height 4.9 km to the north on or beyond the skyline. With a	Negligible	Figure 10.12 a-b

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				For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.						further one turbine visible to tip height.  Key views from and to the broch along and within Glen Ose would remain largely unchanged.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.		
SM 13664	Abhainn Bhaile Mheadhonaich, broch and standing stone 145m SE of An Cairidh	Scheduled Monument	High	Remains of an Iron Age broch and late Neolithic / Bronze Age standing stone. The broch stands on the summit of a natural rock outcrop overlooking Loch Caroy and the standing stone is located 45 m south south-west of the broch.  The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the views over and along Loch Caroy, the broch's previous intervisibility with Dun Feorlig Broch (SM3494) on the Harlosh peninsula, the relationship between the broch and the standing stone and the views towards this broch from the surrounding landscape.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	4	9	9	9	9	Nine turbines of the Proposed Development would be visible on the skyline, 4 km to the north of the broch and standing.  Key views views over and along Loch Caroy, the broch's previous intervisibility with Dun Feorlig Broch (SM 3494) on the Harlosh peninsula and the relationship between the broch and the standing stone remain largely unchanged.  For detailed discussion see Chapter 10: Cultural Heritage and Archaeology, Section 10.7.	Minor	Figure 10.13 a-c Figure 10.14
SM 90325 / PiC 329	Dun Beag, broch and surrounding structures, Struan, Skye	Scheduled Monument	High	The ruins of an Iron Age broch complete with a series of surrounding remains, including quarry pits, field walls and cairns which may be of broadly contemporary date, along with a series of remains including houses, outbuildings, and fields of later date.  The broch is a HES Property in Care and a promoted visitor site.  The monument is situated on a rocky outcrop, north of the A863 public road in	8.1	5	5	0	0	Negligible  Limited theoretical visibility from location of the broch or immediate locality. Turbines not visible in key views towards the coast.	Negligible	-

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				an area of open moorland. There are extensive views towards the coast across open land to the east, south and west, while views to the north-east are limited by rising ground.								
				The key characteristics of the monument's setting that contribute to its cultural significance are the moorland in which it stands and the extensive views to the coast and out to sea.								
LB 498	Dunvegan Parish Church (Church of Scotland)	Category A Listed Building	High	Early19th century gothic revival style parish church.  Stands towards the north end of Dunvegan town. Localised town setting. Views to east blocked by rising ground, church orientated north-west to southeast, main facade faces north-west over Loch Dunvegan.  Localised setting within settlement of Duvegan. Wider inland views of limited relevance.	5.2	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the church or nearby and site has localised setting.	None	-
LB 501	Dunvegan Castle, approach causeway and bridges	Category A Listed Building	High	Large castle on the banks of Loch Dunvegan, while it has 14th century origins much of the castle visible today dates from the 19th century.  Set within its wooded grounds in a sheltered inlet on the south-east coast of Loch Dunvegan. Key views are along and over Loch Dunvegan to the north and west, views to the south and east are restricted by rising ground and woodland. Wider inland views of limited relevance. Views towards the castle are largely from the seaward approach from the north- west.	5.7	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of Dunvegan Castle or grounds. Additionally, there will be limited or no visibility of the Proposed Development on the seaward approach to the castle.	None	-
LB 503	Dunvegan Castle The Laundry	Category A Listed Building	High	Early 18th century laundry, formerly Factors house with later alterations and additions. Single storey, seven bays built of random rubble with ashlar dressings.  Localised setting within the grounds of Dunvegan Castle (LB 501, GDL 00164)	5.7	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the building or nearby and site has localised setting.	None	-

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				with which it has historical association as one of its service buildings and is relevant to its cultural significance, but wider views are of limited relevance.								
		Category B		Mid-19th century simple rectangular church: whitewashed coursed rubble, orientated roughly east/west. Built shortly after the 1843 disruption.  Stands at the south end of Lonmore on						Negligible		
LB 473	Lonmore Free Church	Listed Building	Medium	the junction with the Durnish Road. Localised setting associated with the surrounding settlement of Lonmore. Historic association with Lonmore Free Church Manse (LB 474) and School and Schoolhouse (LB 475). Wider views are of limited relevance.	3.7	9	9	7	7	Localised village setting. Distant views not an important aspect of cultural significance.	Negligible	-
LB 476	Orbost House	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Early 19th century, two storey, wide, three bay classical house with later alterations and additions.  Main facade faces south-west overlooking Loch Bharcasaig surrounded by associated improved farmland and trees.	6.6	3	3	0	0	No impact  Limited visibility of turbine tips from the location of the house or nearby and the site has localised setting.	None	-
				Wider inland views are of limited relevance.  Late 18th century, 2 storey building,								
LB 478	Stein, Macleod Terrace, Henderson's House	Category B Listed Building	Medium	whitewashed rubble.  Part of Macleod terrace with the associated LB 6220, one of three shore side terraces which form part of Stein Village Conservation Area (CA 120) Stein forms part of the planned fishing village of lochbay, which begun building from 1796 for the British fisheries society.	8.6	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the building or nearby and site has localised village setting.	None	-
				Localised setting within a coastal fishing village. Wider views of limited relevance.								
LB 496	Taigh- Tasgaidh Croit Cheileabost, 1 Ceileabost, An T-Eilean Sgitheanach /	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Later 19th century traditional Skye croft house. Single storey, two bays wide. A museum since 1969.	8.7	9	9	6	6	Negligible  Distant visibility from location of the croft. Distant views not of importance to the croft's cultural significance.	Negligible	-

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	Colbost Croft Museum excluding remains of later 20th Century Still House to west, 1 Colbost, Isle Of Skye			Located within the rural settlement of Colbost, in a field of improved pasture. Faces north-east over Loch Dunvegan.  Localised setting within a coastal settlement. Wider views of limited relevance.								
LB 502	Dunvegan Castle Gatepiers	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Gatepiers erected by tenants and Macleod clansmen in memory of three Macleod brothers, Norman Magnus, Reginald and Roderick in 1938.  Pair of square rubble crenelated gatepiers, with a low similar pier to pedestrian gateway. Crenelated screen walls bearing memorial plaque.  Localised setting within the grounds of Dunvegan Castle (LB 501, GDL 00164) with which it has historical association as a functional feature of the estate and as a memorial to members of the MacLeod family of which Dunvegan Castle is the family seat and is relevant to its cultural significance, however wider views are of limited relevance.	5.7	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the gatepiers or nearby. Localised setting within Dunvegan Castle grounds (GDL 00164).	None	_
LB 504	Dunvegan Castle Sundial and Walled Garden	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Probably 17th century; ashlar lectern type sundial. Stands on low stone in the centre of large square walled garden.  Localised setting within the grounds of Dunvegan Castle (LB 501, GDL 00164) with which it has historical association as part of the designed garden and is relevant to its cultural significance, however wider views are of limited relevance.	5.6	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the sundial, walled garden or nearby. Localised setting within Dunvegan Castle grounds (GDL 00164).	None	-
LB 505	Dunvegan Castle Stables and Sawmill	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Earlier 19th century U-plan stable range with south facing court, and 5 bay west elevation. Sawmill to north side of stables; overshot wheel fed by lade carried on ramp.	5.9	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the stables, sawmill or nearby.  Localised setting within Dunvegan Castle grounds (GDL 00164).	None	-

Designation no	Designation name	Designation type	Heritage sensitivity	Setting	Distance to Nearest Turbine (km)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Bare Earth tip height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Screening hub height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Bare Earth hub height ZTV)	Predicted Visibility of Proposed Development (Screening hub height ZTV)	Magnitude of Impact	Significance of Effect	Visualisation Figure No.
				Localised setting within the grounds of Dunvegan Castle (LB 501, GDL 00164) with which it has historical association as one of its service buildings and is relevant to cultural significance, however wider views are of limited relevance.								
LB 1784	Struan, Free Church	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Mid-19th century church. simple rectangular church: whitewashed coursed rubble, orientated roughly east/west. Built shortly after the 1843 disruption.  Stands centrally within the settlement of Struan. Localised setting central within the settlement of Struan. Historic association with Struan, Free Church Manse (LB 1786), immediately to its east is relevant to cultural significance, however wider views are of limited relevance.	8.7	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the church or nearby. Localised village setting.	None	-
LB 6376	Greshornish, The Orde of Greshornish	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Mid-late 18th century. Symmetrical 2-storey, 3-bay small laird's house with mid-19th century single storey service wing. Restored circa 1985.  Localised setting within planted grounds wider views overlooking Loch Greshornish to the north-east. Wider views inland are of limited relevance.	6.5	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the house or nearby. Localised setting and wider view to the north-east not affected.	None	-
LB 6366	Struan Inn, Out Building	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Date uncertain, probably built in the first quarter of the 19th century as a stables/coach house for the nearby Struan Inn. Rectangular-plan and gabled, whitewashed rubble.  Localised setting within the village of Struan. Probable historic association with the Struan Inn (LB 6365) is relevant to cultural significance, however wider views are of limited relevance.	8.8	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the building or nearby. Localised village setting.	None	-
LB 13968	Lyndedale House	Category B Listed Building	Medium	Mansion house built circa 1830-40 with extensive additions shortly after that date. Surrounded by trees main facade faces north-west over Loch Greshornish to Loch Snizort.	8.4	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the house or nearby. Localised setting and wider coastal view not affected.	None	-

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				Localised grounds and coastal setting. Wider views inland are of limited relevance.									
	Lyndedale	Category B		Lodge built circa circa 1830-40. single storey, with centre door. Three later 19th century square gate piers.						No impact			
LB 13969	House Lodge and Gate Piers	Listed Building	Medium	Localised setting on the side of the A850 forming the entrance to Lyndedale House (LB 13968) with which it has historical association as its entrance lodge and gate piers. Wider views of limited relevance.	8.1	0	0	0	0	No visibility from location of the Lodge, gatepiers or nearby. Localised roadside setting.	None	-	
	Skeabost, Old Bridge	Category B Listed Building	ed Medium	Late 18th early 19th century single arched bridge.									
LB 13970				Located within the settlement of Skeabost this was a functional asset carrying the road over the River Snizort.	9.2	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the bridge or nearby. Localised setting.	None	-	
				Localised setting on the course of a historic road. Wider views are of limited relevance.									
	Skerinish	Category B Listed Building	isted Medium	Late 18th century, house two storey with attic.						No impact			
LB 13975	House and Steading			Setting the surrounding improved fields and trees. Views over Loch Snizort Beag to the north-west. Wider inland views are of limited relevance.	9.4	0	0	0	0	No visibility from location of the house, steading or nearby.  Immediate setting and coastal views not affected.	None	-	
	Skeabost, Post House and Outbuilding				Uncertain possibly late 18th early 19th century possibly originally a change house as located at a River Snizort road crossing. It is recorded as being in use as a post office since 1855.						No impact		
LB 18979		Category B Listed Building	Medium	Located within the settlement of Skeabost this was a functional asset providing a changing place for crossers of the River Snizort and latterly as a post office.  Localised riverside setting within the settlement of Skeabost. Wider views are of limited relevance.	9.2	0	0	0	0	No visibility from location of the building or nearby. Localised setting.	None	-	
LB 466	Fairy Bridge	Category C Listed building	Low	Early 19th century. A small semi-circular rubble arch. The alignments of the abutments have been altered. This bridge carries what was apparently the former	3.6	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the bridge or nearby. Localised setting.	None	-	

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				line of a road over the Bay River. The successor and present bridge is situated 190 m to the south-east.								
				This bridge is associated with many folklores and legends of Skye. However, its setting is largely its localised riverside setting on the course of a historic road. Wider views are of limited relevance.								
LB 474	Lonmore Free Church Manse	Category C Listed building	Low	Built circa 1845 with later 19th century alterations, two storey, Manse, painted rubble with contrasting pointing.  Localised setting within the settlement of Lonmore. Historic association with Lonmore Free Church (LB 473) Lonmore Free Church School and Schoolhouse (LB 475) is relevant to cultural significance, however wider views are of	3.7	9	9	7	7	Negligible  Localised village setting. Distant views not an important aspect of cultural significance.	Negligible	-
LB 475	Former Free Church School and Schoolhouse, Lonmore	Category C Listed building	Low	limited relevance.  Stands at the south end of Lonmore on the junction with the Durnish Road. Localised setting within the settlement of Lonmore.  Historic association with Lonmore Free Church (LB 473) Lonmore Free Church Manse (LB 474) is relevant to cultural significance, however wider views are of	3.8	9	9	7	7	Negligible  Localised village setting. Distant views not an important aspect of cultural significance.	Negligible	-
LB 497	Dunvegan, Burnbank	Category C Listed building	Low	limited relevance.  Early 19th century, two storey, irregular three bay house; white-washed rubble.  Located centrally within the settlement of Dunvegan it has a localised streetscape setting. Wider views are of limited relevance.	4.7	0	0	0	0	No impact  No visibility from location of the house or nearby. Localised village setting.	None	-
CA 120	Stein Village	Conservation Area	Medium	Stein Village Conservation Area encompasses the boundaries of the British Fisheries Society's planned fishing village formerly known as Lochbay. A town, piers, churches, schools and other ancillary buildings were planned by Thomas Telford in 1790, but all that was built is the whitewashed seafront terrace	8.3	1	0	0	0	No impact  Theoretical visibility of one turbine tip from a small area in the north of the Conservation Area in the absence of screening. Taking into account screening, there will be no visibility from the conservation	None	-

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				comprising <b>LB 6219</b> , <b>6220</b> and <b>6221</b> and the buildings behind it.						area. Localised setting and seaward view will not be affected.		
				Localised setting. Views of importance to this village are seaward. Wider inland views are of limited relevance.								
GDL 00164	Dunvegan Castle	Inventory Garden and Designed Landscape	High	Designed landscape of Dunvegan Castle on the banks of Loch Dunvegan, the date of the landscape is unknown.  Wooded policies located in a sheltered inlet on the south-east coast of Loch Dunvegan. Key views out of the landscape are along and over Loch Dunvegan to the north and west, views to the south and east are restricted by rising ground and woodland. Wider inland views of limited relevance. Views towards the castle and GDL are largely from the seaward approach from the north-west.	5.5	0	0	0	0	No visibility from location of Dunvegan Castle gardens and designed landscape. Additionally, there will be limited to no visibility of the Proposed Development on the seaward approach to the castle.	None	-